

Executive Summary COVID-Safe Practices for New Mexico Early Childhood Education and Care Department (ECECD) Home Visiting Program Agencies In-Person Service Delivery Guidance for Home Visiting Agencies

The New Mexico Home Visiting program is administered by the Early Childhood Education and Care Department (ECECD), in accordance with the New Mexico Home Visiting Accountability Act (NMSA 1978,§ 32A-23B-1, *et seq*.). According to the New Mexico Home Visiting Accountability Act, "home visiting" means a program strategy that delivers a variety of informational, educational, developmental, referral and other support services for eligible families who are expecting, or who have children who have not yet entered kindergarten, and that is designed to promote child well-being and prevent adverse childhood experiences. *See* NMSA 1978, § 32A-23B-2. Part of this definition includes "comprehensive home visiting standards that ensure high quality service delivery and continuous quality improvement." NMSA 1978, § 32A-23B-2(G)(1). To ensure the health and safety of all who receive and provide home visiting services during this public health emergency, NM ECECD Home Visiting Program developed and updated the following guidance, which may change as conditions surrounding the COVID-19 health emergency evolve. Please see the effective date of this guidance in the footer below.

The COVID-19 virus transmits mainly via respiratory droplets from an infected person (through talking, sneezing, or coughing). These droplets and particles can be breathed in by other people or land on their eyes, noses, or mouth. In some circumstances, they may contaminate surfaces they touch. All individuals (NM ECECD Home Visiting Providers, families, practitioners) must adhere to all the Required COVID-Safe Practices for All Employers in All Together New Mexico COVID Safe Practices for Individuals and Employers, https://cv.nmhealth.org/covid-safe-practices/ as well as continue to monitor and observe the current public health orders related to COVID-19.

Home Visits can take place in an outdoor setting or via telehealth. Home visiting services may also be provided in the home, by home visitors who are fully vaccinated.¹

¹ Please note that ECECD has adopted the CDC's definition of "fully vaccinated," which is: "In general, people are considered fully vaccinated two weeks after their second dose in a 2-dose series, such as the Pfizer or Moderna vaccines; or two weeks after a single-dose vaccine, such as Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine."

For more information, please see the CDC's vaccination resources: CDC Vaccination Resources



COVID-19 safe practices, however, such as wearing a mask, must be followed when providing services in an indoor location, regardless of vaccination status. The guidance below must be used when planning for, and delivering, in- person home visiting services. The purpose of this guidance is to ensure that home visitors are able to safely offer the option of in-person services, either in a provider agency setting, home or an outdoor setting, or continue with telehealth services.

The table below guides providers in navigating the differences between guidance for vaccinated and unvaccinated home visiting staff.

ALLOWABLE SERVICE DELIVERY LOCATIONS:	ALLOWABLE SERVICE DELIVERY	
VACCINATED STAFF	LOCATIONS: UNVACCINATED STAFF	
Inside a family's home	Family's outdoor space	
Family's outdoor space	Outdoor location	
Outdoor location	Agency setting (if agency allows)	
Agency setting		

***Masks are required for anyone two (2) years and older for ALL indoor locations regardless of vaccination status. Masks are also required for unvaccinated staff if providing services in a public setting (park, restaurant, etc.)

If services are taking place inside a family's home, providers must ensure that services are being provided by home visiting staff who are fully vaccinated. All unvaccinated home visiting staff must test for COVID-19 every week. Provider agencies are responsible for ensuring the home visiting staff are not providing in-person services if they have tested positive for COVID-19.

Home visitors must also test if they experience COVID-19 symptoms of cough, fever, shortness of breath, chills, repeated shaking with chills, muscle pain, headache, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, diarrhea, and/or loss of taste or smell.

Mandatory Practices for NM ECECD Home Visiting In-Person Visits

 Unvaccinated early intervention service providers must test for COVID-19 every week. The Vault COVID-19 saliva test is a safe and effective way to self-test for COVID-19 in your home. Vault COVID-19 testing is free for all users, can be ordered online, administered from home, and dropped at a local UPS store for mailing. Customers incur no shipping costs and usually receive results within 24–48 hours. ECECD no longer provides unique codes to providers. However, DOH has a statewide website



where residents can order their tests. (Each individual orders a vault test and no unique link is required.) Testing at DOH sites is free. There is no cost associated with Vault saliva testing.

VAULT HEALTH LINK: VAULT- No-Cost COVID Testing for all New Mexicans

- Information on Testing Sites can be found here: <u>NM Department of Health</u> <u>COVID-19 Screening and Testing</u>
- Asymptomatic unvaccinated home visitors must self-quarantine if they have been in close contact with someone who has recently tested positive for COVID-19. They should also test on day 3-5 after exposure. Note: Testing during the quarantine period does not end the quarantine period. The full quarantine period should be followed even if a negative result is received because a negative result does not mean that the contact will not become infectious later in their quarantine period.
- Asymptomatic vaccinated home visitors who have been in close contact with someone who has recently tested positive for COVID-19 should monitor for symptoms for 14 days and test on day 3-5 after exposure.
- Any home visitor vaccinated OR unvaccinated, who is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19, (cough, fever, shortness of breath, chills, repeated shaking with chills, muscle pain, headache, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, diarrhea, and/or loss of taste or smell) MUST immediately self-isolate and seek a COVID-19 test and medical care. They may return to work when one of the following scenarios are true:
 - They have received a negative COVID-19 test AND a note from their doctor stating that the symptoms are NOT due to COVID-19
 - They have completed the required ten (10) day quarantine period AND their symptoms have resolved
 - Please refer to the NM DOH website for more information on quarantine and isolation: https://cv.nmhealth.org/how-to-isolate-when-positive/
- Screening methods must occur daily (prior to providing/receiving a home visit) and questions should focus on whether the home visiting staff is experiencing any symptoms or has been possibly exposed to COVID-19 in the past 14 days.
- In addition to testing weekly, unvaccinated home visiting staff must maintain a personal wellness log of the results of their screening and the log must record, at a minimum, their temperature, and the presence of any COVID-19 related symptoms. *See* attached example.
- Although fully vaccinated home visitors are no longer required to keep a written personal wellness log, they must continue to monitor their symptoms and immediately seek medical care and testing if they experience COVID-19 symptoms.
- Home Visitors should contact families (e.g., by telephone, email, text) the day of the scheduled in-person visit to complete the Pre-Screening Questionnaire (see



form, page 8-9). Completed questionnaires must be kept in the family's file.

- Each family provides consent to receive in-person visits by signing the In-Person Visit Consent Form (*see* form, page 10).
- The home visitor, and all individuals ages two (2) and over involved in the visit must wear an appropriate face mask when indoors.

No In-Person Contact if Any of the Following are True:

- Anyone in the family or in the home visitor's household has experienced symptoms of a respiratory illness in the last 14 days.
- Anyone in the family or in the home visitor's household has been in contact with someone confirmed to have COVID-19 in the last 14 days.

Precautions for Home Visiting Personnel

- All unvaccinated home visitors must monitor their temperature daily and notify supervisory personnel of an elevated temperature of 100.4° Fahrenheit or more.
- Prior to conducting the visit, assess whether the home visitor has any of the COVID-19 symptoms, as indicated above.
 - Any home visitor with signs and symptoms of a respiratory illness or other related illnesses must not report to work and should follow the NM Department of Health guidance for testing, quarantine, and isolation. <u>NM Department of Health COVID Safe</u> <u>Practices</u>
 - Any home visitor who develops signs and symptoms of illness while on the job must stop working immediately, notify their supervisor, follow Department of Health protocols, and self-isolate at home.
 - All unvaccinated home visitors must keep their own daily log of all people with whom they have been in close contact.
 - Please visit the New Mexico Department of Health registration site to pre-register or schedule an appointment to receive a COVID-19 vaccine. The registration site is accessible from a computer or smartphone and is designed to be user-friendly. The site is located at <u>NM Department of Health Appointment Scheduling</u>, For more information on COVID-19 Vaccines, please visit the CDC websites FAQ: httsp://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-vaccines/faq.html.

No In-Person Contact May Occur If Any of The Following Is True

- Anyone in the family's or in the home visitor's household has experienced symptoms of a respiratory illness in the last 14 days.
- Anyone in the family's or the home visitor's household has been in contact with someone confirmed to have COVID-19 in the last 14 days. Staff and children who were in close contact with a confirmed COVID-19 positive case must quarantine for 10 days (unless they are fully vaccinated or have recovered).



In-Person Visit Guidelines

- In-Person visits are to be completed in an open, well-ventilated area, preferably outside. Physical distancing (3 feet) is required for those participating in the session. Any family member present at the in-person visit, but not involved in the session, should maintain a physical distance of 6 feet.
- All adults and children over age two (2) years old present during the in-person visit, taking place indoors, must wear a mask.
- Home visitors may wear additional PPE during in-person visits as they feel appropriate. PPE worn must be changed between visits with other families. *See* helpful links regarding PPE at the end of this document.
- Home visitors may provide information for families about why wearing a mask is necessary. Masks should fully cover the nose and mouth without gaps and stay in place without needing adjustments.
- If a family does not agree to wear a mask during the indoor visit, an outdoor or telehealth visit must be scheduled. Masks are required for unvaccinated providers if the outdoor visit takes place in a public area (park, etc.).
- Minimize contact with any frequently touched surfaces.
- Home visitors may not take any items to the visit that are generally shared with other families. Prior to and after any scheduled visit, all items used during the visit must be cleaned and sanitized according to CDC guidelines. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-childcare/guidance-forchildcare.html#CleanDisinfect</u>
- Everyone who will be participating in a scheduled in-person visit must wash their hands with soap and water or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer (60% alcohol or higher) if soap and water is unavailable, immediately before the session begins and immediately after it ends. This is a great opportunity to work with the family and child on handwashing routine. *See* Henry the Handwashing Guidance Poster attached.
- Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth at all times.
- If during an in person visit a family member discloses that they are ill or exhibiting symptoms, the home visitor should exit the visit immediately and notify their supervisor.
- Masks must be changed between visits.

Best Practices

- Communicate to families and staff about the importance of staying home when they are ill.
- Educate families about COVID-19 symptoms, taking and monitoring temperatures, washing hands and social distancing.
- Establish and continue communication with local and state authorities to determine current mitigation levels in your community.
- Check Department of Health notices daily about transmission in the area and adjust operations accordingly



Coordination and Collaboration to minimize contact

- Is the home already being visited by another service provider? Could there be partnership in provision of services with others to limit the number of in-person interactions?
- Are there services the client/family wish to prioritize?
- Will the family consider having a combination of face-to-face and telehealth to reduce the number of in-person visits but provide a high level of service?

Key Hygiene Practices

- 1. Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
- 2. Use hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.
- 3. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth.
- 4. Wear masks.
- 5. Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, throw the tissue in the trash, and wash hands thoroughly.

Handwashing

Handwashing is one of the best ways to protect yourself and your family from getting sick. For handwashing to be effective, it is important to follow the steps recommended by the CDC.

WET your hands with clean, running water (warm or cold), turn off the tap, and apply soap. **LATHER** your hands by rubbing them together with the soap. Be sure to lather the backs of your hands, between your fingers, and under your nails.

SCRUB your hands for at least 20 seconds (Tip: Sing "Happy Birthday" twice).

RINSE hands well under clean, running water.

DRY hands using a clean towel or air dry them.

• Washing hands with soap and water is the best way to get rid of germs in most situations. *See* Henry the Handwashing Guidance Poster attached. If soap and water are not readily available, however, you can use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. It is important to rub hand sanitizer over all the surfaces of your hands and fingers until your hands are dry, which takes around 20 seconds.

Helpful links:

https://www.cdc.gov/handwashing/when-how-handwashing.html https://www.cdc.gov/handwashing/child-development.html https://www.cdc.gov/handwashing/videos.html



Cleaning and Disinfecting

Cleaning and disinfecting are important ways to help reduce the spread of COVID-19. The CDC has developed the following guidance for cleaning and disinfecting.

Consider the following:

- Develop/revise policies and procedures, as needed, to increase the frequency of cleaning and disinfecting.
- Ensure early intervention personnel and families receive proper education about how, what, and when to clean and disinfect. *See* CDC guidelines/links herein.
- Wear gloves for routine cleaning and disinfecting.
- Cleaning with soap and water reduces the number of germs, dirt, and impurities on surfaces, and disinfecting kills germs on surfaces.
- Clean frequently touched surfaces more often, including tables, countertops, doorknobs, light switches, handles, desks, phones, remote controls, keyboards, toilets, faucets, and sinks.

Helpful Links

Center for Disease Control (CDC) links for cleaning

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/cleaning-disinfecting-decisiontool.html

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-

ncov/community/pdf/ReOpening America Cleaning Disinfection Decision Tool.pdf

COVID-SAFE Practices for individuals and employers

http://www.rld.state.nm.us/uploads/files/FID/Covid%20Safe%20Practices.pdf

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/how-to-wear-cloth-facecoverings.html

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/how-to-wash-cloth-facecoverings.html

<u>https://www.who.int/csr/resources/publications/Contact-Droplet-COVID-19-</u> <u>Precautions.pdf?ua=1</u>

https://www.who.int/csr/resources/publications/ppe_en.pdf?ua=1

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/hcp/fs-facemask-dos-donts.pdf

https://www.cdc.gov/vhf/ebola/pdf/poster-how-to-remove-gloves.pdf



Sample Pre-Screening Questionnaire for In-Person Visits

Child:	_ Date:	_Time:
Person Interviewed/Relationship to Child		
In Person Visit Scheduled (Date and Time): Name of Home Visitor:		

Health Screening Questions -

If the answer is yes to any of the following questions, the home visit must be conducted via Telehealth.

- 1. Is anyone in the family sick or display any of the symptoms below? If yes, please describe:
 - □ Fever (above 100.4°)
 - Cough
 - Sore throat
 - Cold/flu symptoms
 - Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing

	Sha	king v	with	chills
_				

- Muscle pain
- Headache
- $\hfill\square$ New loss of taste or smell
- □ Other_____
- 2. Has anyone in the family been screened, investigated, diagnosed, or treated for COVID-19? When and what was the result?

	No	Yes
Comments:		

3. Has anyone in the family/home been asked to quarantine/stay home and why?

□ No □	Yes
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4. Do you, your child, or anyone in your household have a compromised immune system or other risk factors making you or them more susceptible to serious complications to COVID-19?

Yes

Omments:

5. Does anyone in your home have a medical condition that would make an in-person home visit **not** safe?

□ No		Yes
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Comments:

HV Staff Name (Printed)

Signature



SAMPLE COVID-19 DAILY SCREENING LOG for

UNVACCINATED HOME VISITORS

Date	Temperature	COVID-19 Symptoms? (See List Below)	Number of Face-To-Face Visits Scheduled/Kept
06/15/2021	98.7	N	2/1

Name:_____

COVID-19 Symptoms

- Fever above 100.4° or chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fatigue
- Muscle or body aches
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea







